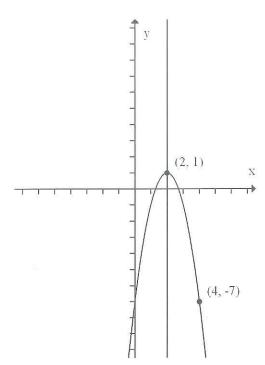
28. Find a formula for the parabola:



 $y=a(x-h)^{2}+k$ $y=a(x-z)^{2}+1$ $-7=a(4-z)^{2}+1$ -7=4a+1

29. The populations of 4 species of animals are given by the following equations:

$$P_1 = 420(0.74)^t$$

$$P_1 = 420(0.74)^t$$
 $P_2 = 960(1.23)^t$ $P_3 = 580(0.94)^t$ $P_4 = 800(1.05)^t$

$$P_3 = 580(0.94)^t$$

$$P_4 = 800(1.05)^t$$

Which species are shrinking in size?

- - C) P_2

30. The populations of 4 species of animals are given by the following equations:

$$P_1 = 210(0.82)^t$$
 $P_2 = 220(1.08)^t$ $P_3 = 500(0.9)^t$ $P_4 = 610(1.05)^t$

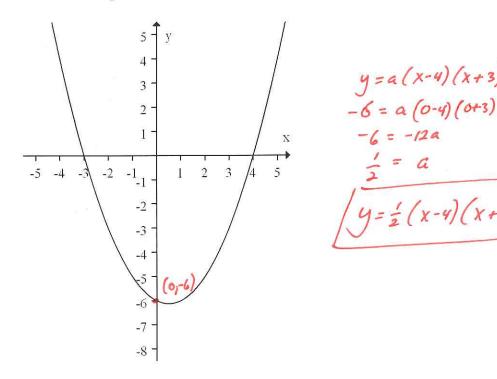
$$P_2 = 220(1.08)^t$$

$$P_3 = 500(0.9)^t$$

$$P_4 = 610(1.05)^t$$

What is the largest initial population of the 4 species?

31. Find a formula for the parabola



32. Find the vertex form of
$$f(x) = x^2 + 2x - 10$$
 by completing the square.
$$f(x) = (x^2 + 2x) - 10$$

$$= (x^2 + 2x + 1) - 10 - 1$$

$$f(x) = (x + 1)^2 - 11$$

- 33. A population has size 3100 at time t = 0, with t in years. If the population grows by 50 people per year, what is the formula for P, the population at time t?
 - A) P = 3100(1.5)t
 - B) P = 3100 + 50t
 - C) $P = 3100(0.5)^t$
 - D) $P = 3100(1.5)^t$

34. Each of the functions in the table below is increasing, but each increases in a different way. One is linear, one is exponential, and one is neither.

t	f(t)	g(t)	h(t)
1	24.48	14 +10	30 × 1.5
2	75 5X	24	45.00 21.5
3	26.68	33 + 12	67.50
4	27.78	41	101.25
5	28.88	48	151.88
6	29.98	54	227.81

Which one is linear: f, g, or h?



35. The price of an item increases due to inflation. Let $p(t) = 52.50(1.028)^t$ give the price of the item as a function of time in years, with t = 0 in 2004. Estimate $p^{-1}(145)$ to 2 decimal places.

the item as a function of time in years, with
$$t = 0$$
 in 2004. Estimate $p = (145)$ to 2 decimal places. GRAPH

$$\frac{1}{15} = \frac{145}{52.50} = \frac{1028^{4}}{52.50} = \frac{109}{52.50} = \frac{109}{52.5$$

36. Suppose Taylor win \$10,000 in a lottery. If she invests half in a CD earning 4.2% annual interest compounded quarterly and the rest in a savings account earning 3.8% annual interest compounded monthly. How much money does she have after 10 years?

$$5000(1+.042)^{4.10} + 5000(1+.038)^{12.10}$$

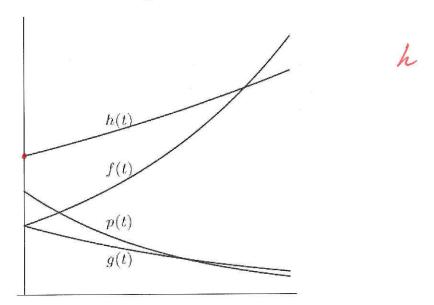
 $$7593.16 + 7307.03
 $$14,900.19$ or \$14,900.20 if considered one account

37. You invest \$5000 in an account earning 2.7% annual interest, compounded continuously. After how many years is the investment worth \$13,000? Round your answer to two decimal places, if necessary.

decimal places, if necessary.

Graph:
$$13,000 = 5000e^{-0.027 \pm 0.027 \pm 0.027$$

38. In the following figure, the functions f, g, h, and p can all be written in the form $y = ab^t$. Which one has the largest value for a?



39. Taylor has \$10,000 which she would like to invest. She can either invest in a CD earning 3.1% annual interest compounded quarterly, or she can deposit the money in a savings account earning 2.9% annual interest compounded monthly. If she chooses the

investment with the maximum return, how much will she have at the end of 5 years?

$$10,000 \left(1 + \frac{031}{4}\right)^{5.4}$$
 $10,000 \left(1 + \frac{029}{12}\right)^{5.12}$
 $11,558.37$

40. An ant population grows at a continuous growth rate of 11.2%. If the population starts with 24,000 ants, how many ants are there after 6 months? Round your answer to the nearest ant.

41. Rewriting the statement $\ln\left(\frac{1}{9}\right) = -2.197$ using exponents gives

(A) $e^{-2.197} = \frac{1}{9}$ (B) $e^{-2.197} = 9$ (C) $e^{-2.197} = 9$ (D) $e^{-2.197} = \frac{1}{9}$

(A)
$$e^{-2.197} = \frac{1}{9}$$

B)
$$e^{-2.197} = 9$$

$$e^{-2.197} = \frac{1}{9}$$

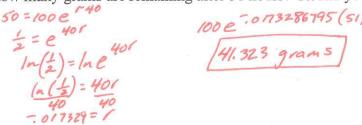
C)
$$e^9 = \frac{1}{-2.197}$$

D)
$$e^9 = -2.197$$

42. Solve $11e^{4t} - 22 = 0$ algebraically for t. Give your answer to 4 decimal places.

$$11e^{4t} = 22$$
 $e^{4t} = 2$
 $1ne^{4t} = 1n2$
 $4t = \frac{1n2}{4}$
 $t = \frac{1}{4}$

43. The half-life of a substance is 40 hours. If there are initially 100 grams of the substance, how many grams are remaining after 51 hours? Round your answer to 3 decimal places.



44. What is the doubling time of a population growing by 12% per year? Round your answer to the nearest hundredth of a year.

$$2A = A \cdot 1/2$$

$$2 = 1.12^{t}$$

$$1092 = 109 \cdot 1/2$$

$$1092 = t \cdot 109 \cdot 1/2$$

$$1091.12 \quad 1091.12$$

$$t = 6.12 \text{ years}$$

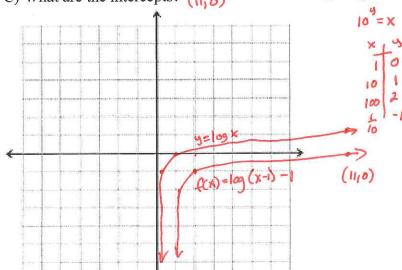
45. Sound A is 33 dB. Sound B is 60 dB. How many times more intense is Sound B than Sound A? Use dB = $10\log (I/I_0)$ where I is the intensity of the sound and $I_0 = 10^{-16}$.

Solution A: Use the solution of the solution and 10

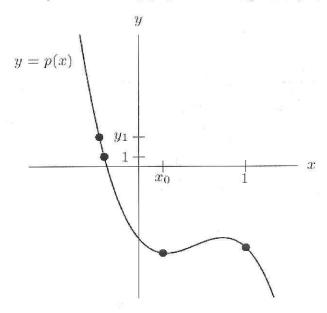
$$33 = 10 \log \left(\frac{1}{10-16} \right)$$
 $60 = 10 \log \left(\frac{1}{10-16} \right)$
 $60 = 10 \log \left(\frac{1}{10-16} \right)$
 $6 = \log_{10} \left(\frac{1}{10-16} \right)$
 $6 = \log_{10} \left(\frac{1}{10-16} \right)$
 $10^{-3.3} = \frac{1}{10-16}$
 $10^{-12.7} = 10^{-10-12}$
 $10^{-10.7} = 1$
 $10^{-10.7} = 1$

- 46. A cup of coffee is initially at $180^{\circ} F$, which is $105^{\circ} F$ above room temperature. The difference between the coffee's temperature and the room's temperature decreases at the hourly rate of 85%. Which of the following formulas gives T(t), the coffee's temperature after t hours have elapsed?
 - A) $T(t) = 180 + 75(0.15)^t$
 - B) $T(t) = 105 + 75(0.15)^t$
 - C) $T(t) = 180 + 105(0.15)^t$
 - $T(t) = 75 + 105(0.15)^t$

- 47. Let $f(x) = \log(x-1)-1$.
 - A) Graph f.
 - B) What are the asymptotes? K=1
 - C) What are the intercepts? (II)



48. Let y = p(x) be defined by the following graph, and let $y_0 = p(x_0)$ and $y_1 = p(x_1)$.



Which of the following two values is greater?

- (A) $p(x_0) + 1$
- B) $p(x_0)$

- 49. A bowling alley charges \$2.80 for shoes plus \$2.25 per game bowled. Let C(g) be the total cost for bowling g games (including shoe rental). Now suppose the bowling alley decides to increase the cost for shoes by \$1.20 and include the first game for free. What is the formula for the new total cost, N(g), of bowling g games as a transformation of C(g)?
 - A) N(g) = C(g 2.25) + 4.00
 - (B) N(g) = C(g-1)+1.20
 - C) N(g) = C(g-1) + 4.00
 - D) N(g) = C(g+1.25)+1.20
- 50. An odd function is decreasing and concave down in the first quadrant. How does the function behave in the third quadrant?
 - A) It is increasing and concave up
 - B) It is decreasing and concave down
 - (C) It is decreasing and concave up
 - D) It is increasing and concave down
- 51. The function f(x) has odd symmetry and the function g(x) has even symmetry. Is the function h(x) = 4g(x+1) odd, even, or neither?

Symmetrical across y-axis moved left I will not be Symmetric about y-axis anymore.

[NEITHER-]

52. The graph of g(x) is the graph of f(x) after it has been vertically stretched or shrunk. The point (5, 12) lies on the graph of f(x). The corresponding point on the graph of g(x) is (5,24). What is a possible formula for g(x) in terms of f(x)?

Vertical Stretch SF 2 g(x) = 2f(x)

53. If f(x) is an even function, determine whether g(x) = 9 f(x-4) is odd, even, or neither. State "cannot tell" if there is not enough information to determine.

NEITHER- NO LONGER SYMMETRIC WITH Y AFTER HORIZOWERS SHIFT

- 54. The graph of h(x) contains the point (3, 3). What is the corresponding point on the graph of y = h(4x)?

 Hor: Zoulal Compression SF $\frac{1}{4}$
- 55. The point (2,-8) lies on the graph of f. If the graph of f is compressed vertically by a factor of $\frac{1}{5}$ and stretched horizontally by a factor of 11, what point must lie on the transformed graph?

$$(2,-8)$$
 $(2,-\frac{8}{5})$
 $(22,-\frac{8}{5})$